

# Catalogue

## Snubber is used for IGBT high frequency

DTM	Square shell welding piece 700-3000Vdc04
DTM	Square shell pad three-level 700-1700Vdc.11
DTS	Axial lead 700-3000Vdc12
DTC	Square shell pin 700-3000Vdc16
DC-Liı	nk DC filter for DC chain support
DHA	Square shell pin $700\text{-}1100Vdc22$
DHB	High ripple isolation <b>400,800,1000Vdc60</b>
DCG 2000-	Square aluminum or stainless steel housing 4000Vdc27
DHF	Round plastic shell 500-2200Vdc
DHE	Round plastic shell 900-4000Vdc31
DHD densi	Circular aluminum shell with high energy ty 700–1200Vdc
DHC 800Vo	Square aluminum & plastic shell <b>450–</b> dc <b>38</b>
AC	For AC filtering
	Square aluminum shell three-phase 400- /ac
DMP 1400\	Round aluminum shell three-phase 400- /ac41
	Round aluminum shell three-phase explosion- 450-1400Vac43
DRP 1400\	Circular aluminum shell single phase 300- /ac45
<b>DRG</b> alumi	Single phase explosion-proof circular num shell <b>300–1400Vac47</b>
DTG	Square shell pin 250-500Vac
DRB	Square shell pin 330-850Vdc54
High	frequency high current high ripple resonance
DGR	High frequency resonance 2000-4000Vdc58
DHB	High ripple isolation 400,800,1000Vdc60
DGT	High current GTO protection 2400-8000Vdc63
DTH	Thyristor GTO protection 4000-20000Vdc65
DCH	High frequency resonance 500-3000Vac67
DCD	High current resonance 400-700Vac68
High	voltage application
DMS	Axial lead 4000-15000Vdc69
DTH	Thyristor GTO protection 4000-20000Vdc65

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matters needing attention

Third cover



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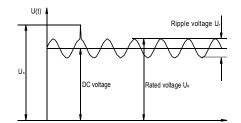
# **1.Technical terms and definitions**

#### 11 rated capacitance cn

The test condition is 20  $\pm$  5 ° C, 100Hz, and the measured capacitor capacity.

#### 1.2 Rated voltage Un

The design rating of capacitor refers to the maximum or peak value of non reverse voltage waveform.



#### 1.3Unrepeatable peak (aperiodic surge) voltage us

For the voltage exceeding the rated value caused by equipment switch or line fault, the duration of each time shall not exceed 50dms,

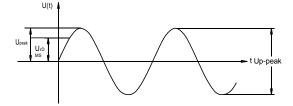
and the maximum number of times allowed is 1000.

#### 1.4 ripple voltage ur Ur

Peak to peak of AC component of unidirectional rectified voltage

#### 1.5 Rated AC voltage Ur DMS

Root mean square of the maximum sine wave AC voltage in continuous operation.



#### 1.6 A.C Peak voltage Upeak

Allowable A.C peak voltage in continuous operation

#### 1.7 DU/DT

The rise or fall time of the maximum voltage is generally described

as the value that the capacitor can withstand the rise or fall of voltage per microsecond

#### 1.8 Maximum non repeatable voltage rise (du/dt)s

Transient and non repeatable voltage rise peak due to fault.

#### **1.9** Test voltage between electrodes Ut-t

Routine test items under room temperature before delivery. At the user's site, it is allowed to conduct another test according to 80% of the test voltage indicated in the product specification.

#### 1.10 test voltage ut-c between electrode and shell

For the routine test items at room temperature, the withstand voltage between the electrode and the shell shall be

tested after the electrode is short circuited. Repeated tests are allowed at the user's site.

#### 1.11 peak current ipeak

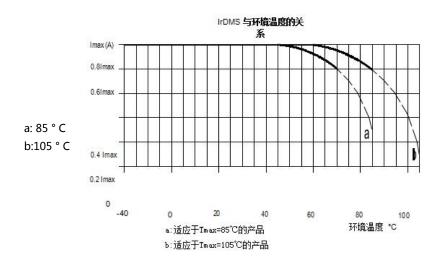
Maximum allowable repeatable current amplitude during continuous operation. Ipeak = Cn x (du/dt)



### 1.12 maximum current Imax

The maximum effective current during continuous operation. The maximum current given in the data sheet depends on the maximum power loss or the current limit of the capacitor terminal.

Relationship between irdms and ambient temperature:



### 1.13 non repetitive peak current (surge) is

The maximum current that occurs temporarily and unrepeatedly due to a fault. The duration of each time shall not exceed 50dms, and the maximum number of occurrences allowed is 1000. Is=Cn  $\times$  (du / dt ) s

#### 1.14 equivalent series resistance ESR

The equivalent resistance value of all resistance related factors in the capacitor. Circuit power loss used to calculate current.

#### 1.15 self inductance LS

The inductance of a capacitor due to its own structure.

#### 1.16 insulation resistance I.R

It is usually expressed by the charging time constant  $R \cdot C$ : under the ambient temperature of 20 ± 5 ° C and the voltage of 100VDC, the reading 1 minute after the capacitor is fully charged, measure the leakage current and calculate the IR It is usually expressed by charging time constant R.C. the unit of R.C is s:

# s= M $\Omega \times \mu F$

#### 1.17 resonance frequency fr

Capacitance and self inductance will form a series resonant circuit. Outside this resonant frequency, if the inductive reactance of the LC line is dominant, the capacitor will present the characteristics of an inductance

$$Fr = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{Cn \times Ls}}$$

### 1.18 Dielectric loss factor Tan $\delta 0$

Fixed loss factor of capacitor dielectric material at rated frequency.

1.19 loss factor Tan δ

 $\tan \delta = \operatorname{two} \times \pi \times f \times \operatorname{Cn} \times \operatorname{ESR}$ 

# 1.20 thermal resistance RTH

It refers to the rising value of the hot spot temperature of the capacitor corresponding to the loss of the capacitor.

## 1.21 maximum power loss Pmax

 $P_{max} = \frac{T_{hs} - T_e}{R_{th}}$ 

#### 1.22 ambient temperature te

The air temperature around the capacitor, the test point is 10 cm away from the vertical height of the capacitor shell.Hot spot temperature ths The highest temperature inside the capacitor



#### 1.23Hot spot temperature ths

The highest temperature inside the capacitor.

#### 1.24 minimum climate temperature Tmin

Minimum allowable temperature of capacitor in use

#### 1.25 maximum climate temperature Tmax

The maximum allowable temperature when the capacitor is used, that is, the maximum temperature of the shell.

#### 1.26 rated energy storage WN

Energy storage capacity of capacitor during charging at rated voltage

Wn = 1/2 x Cn x (Un)2

#### 1.27 air gap L

The shortest distance between the conductive parts of the electrode or between the electrode and the housing.

#### 1.28 creepage distance K

The shortest distance between the conductive parts of the electrode or the insulating surface between the electrode and the shell.

### 1.29 altitude

The maximum allowable altitude is 2000 meters. With the decrease of atmospheric pressure, arc discharge is more likely to occur between electrodes. When used at high altitude, the capacitor is not easy to dissipate heat, which will lead to increased loss and failure.

#### 1.30 storage temperature

Allowable storage temperature range of capacitor.

#### 1.31 life expectancy Le

The expected life of capacitor depends on the internal temperature and dielectric field strength. Relationship between life expectancy and voltage

Le = Ln x (Un/Uw)7

Le = life expectancy at operating voltage (H) In = life expectancy at rated voltage (H) UN = rated voltage (V)

UW = working voltage (V)

Relationship between life expectancy and temperature

Le = LTo x 2(To-Ths)/11

Le = life expectancy at actual hot spot temperature (H) LTO = hot spot temperature 70 ° Life expectancy at C (H) to = hot spot temperature 70 ° C (° C)

Ths = hot spot temperature in actual operation (  $\degree$  C)

# 2. Installation and operation guide

#### 2.1 overvoltage circuit breaker

When using explosion-proof capacitors, it must be ensured that:

the connecting wire must have a certain elasticity to prevent the connecting wire from pulling and losing the explosionprooffunction during explosion-proof action. an expansion space  $\geq$  12mm shall be reserved above the electrode of the

capacitor.

### 2.2 installation position

In addition to the specially specified series, for example, DAF / DMB / DRG series can only be installed vertically, that is, the electrode is above, and other capacitors can adopt different installation directions. However, pay attention to the following situations: aluminum shell capacitors and rectangular metal shell capacitors with voltage higher than 3600v must be installed horizontally. for capacitors with high voltage or circular steel shell, horizontal installation is allowed, but the manufacturer should be consulted in advance.

#### 2.3 assembly

If the vibration stress does not exceed 5g, the bolts at the bottom of aluminum shell capacitor with diameter 60 mm and height 160 mm can be used for fixing. For larger diameter and vibration stress greater than 5g, the capacitor needs to be fixed with clamp ring.





Bolt installation data:

Bolt diameter	Bolt length	Maximum torque
M8	10mm	4.5N.m
M10	12mm	6N.m
M12	16mm	8N.m

#### 2.4 installing terminals

The tightening torque of bolts and nuts for installing terminals can be referred to a separate data sheet. These torques cannot be used on plastic parts.

Bolt diameter	Maximum torque	Screw diameter	Maximum torque
M5	2.5N.m	M8	8.5N.m
M6	4.5N.m	M10	12N.m
M8	8.5N.m	M12	15N.m

#### 2.4.1 the maximum cross section of connecting wire shall be in accordance with VDE / din

Flexible wires should be used for terminals with ceramics as insulators, so as to avoid mechanical stress on ceramics. The wiring outside the capacitor needs to consider that the heat cannot be transmitted to other components, and also consider keeping the heat away from the terminal of the capacitor.

### 2.5 grounding

According to VDE 0100, both bottom bolts and iron hoops can be used for grounding. Single pole and fully insulated capacitors can not be grounded. When the metal clamp is used for grounding, the paint on the surface of the clamp needs to be removed.

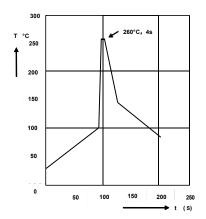
## 2.6 safety protection measures

When using, pay attention to the self charging phenomenon, and the capacitor contains high electric energy, and observe appropriate safety protection measures.

#### 2.7 welding conditions of axial and box capacitors on PCB

In order to control the temperature inside the capacitor, the setting of welding temperature shall not exceed the following limit: soldering bath temperature  $260 \pm 5$  °C. For box capacitors with a foot distance greater than 10mm, the welding time is 4S. When welding, it must be ensured that the capacitor will not be damaged due to overheating: if the cross section of the conductor is greater than 1.5 mm2, the welding method shall not be adopted, but the fastening connection method shall be adopted.

do not weld in the heat concentrated part.



Tin dipping depth	The horizontal plane of capacitor body or substrate is upward 2.0 +0/-0.5mm
Protective plate	Heat absorption plate, $(1.5 \pm 0.5)$ mm thick, It is placed between the capacitor body and the tin material
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	No visible damage
C/Co	2%forDTC/DTG/DRB/DTG
Tanδ	5%forDTC/DTG/DRB/DTG

# **DAWNCAP**®

# 3. End of product life and waste disposal

Dawncap capacitor materials strictly comply with national regulations:

chemical prohibition regulations

CFC halogen prohibition regulations

Our products do not contain PCB, so there is no need to deal with scrapped products according to the special management regulations on waste disposal.

We need to be responsible for the environment, so we hope users should be careful when dealing with waste products. In any case, we hope users will consult the waste disposal department for relevant regulations.

# 4. Transportation and packaging

In terms of product packaging, dawncap naturally supports the needs of environmental protection.

use environmentally friendly materials and try to use product packaging.

pallets shall be used as far as possible, and the pallets shall be fixed with environmental friendly PE or PP plastic belts. cardboard is preferred for the isolation layer of pallet and packing box.

# 5. Product application description

# 5.1dc Link Application

The rated voltage of the capacitor must be equal to or greater than the sum of the applied voltage and the line ripple voltage: UN  $\geq$  UDC + ur / 2

Select the corresponding capacitance CN and rated voltage UN according to the parameters in the data sheet; At the same time, the maximum effective current that the capacitor can withstand during long-term operation needs to be verified. Maximum effective

IMAX depends on the terminals of the capacitor and the values specified in the data sheet.

The surge voltage in the following range will not have a significant impact on the shortening of the expected life of the capacitor:

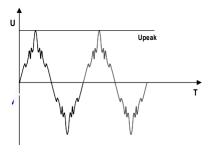
Repetitive surge voltag	e Maximum duration
1.1 × Un	Working time totle 30%
1.15 × Un	30 min/d 5
1.2× Un	min/d 1
1.3× Un	min/d
1.5 × Un	100 DMS , No more than
	1000 次

# 5.2 Ac application

The rated voltage of the capacitor must be equal to or greater than the maximum of upeak1 and upeak2. Select the corresponding capacitance CN and rated voltage UN according to the parameters in the data sheet; At the same time, the maximum effective current that the capacitor can withstand during long-term operation needs to be verified. The maximum effective IMAX depends on the terminals of the capacitor and the values specified in the data sheet.

# 5.3 Ac filtering application

The standard for selecting the rated voltage UN of AC filter capacitor is not the effective voltage urdms, but the peak voltage formed by the superposition of various harmonics, which is calculated by instrument test or according to the harmonic data provided. In any case, the rated voltage of the capacitor must be greater than the peak voltage in the line.



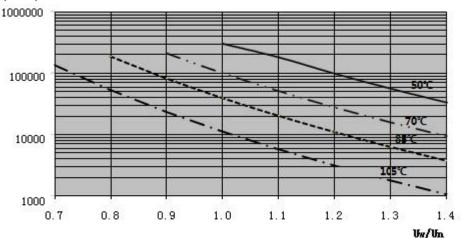
www.dawncap.cn



### 5.4 service life

The working life of the capacitor depends on the temperature and dielectric field strength inside the capacitor under working conditions. The average life of the capacitor design is 100000 hours. (allowable failure rate  $\leq$  150ppm). These values are related to the hot spot temperature indicated in the selection table.

The following icons illustrate the relationship between life, temperature and operating voltage: Le (hours)

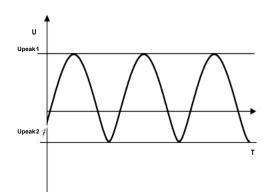


# 5.5 Life Declaration and invalidation

There may be unreasonable assumptions, and users will form a wrong idea about the service life: as long as the rated service temperature and working voltage are reduced, the service life of the capacitor will be one million hours or more. Please note that the statement about the life of the capacitor is purely theoretical.

# 5.6 failure modes

Plastic film capacitors have two typical failure modes: open circuit or short circuit (or high resistance short circuit). In addition, capacitance drift, unstable working temperature, high loss or low insulation resistance will lead to capacitor failure. All failures are caused by dielectric degradation caused by exceeding the limits of electrical, mechanical and environmental factors during operation.





## **GENERAL TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Dielectric :	Polypropylene film
Construction :	Extended double side Getallized carrier film
	with internal series connection and Getallized film
Case :	Aluminium case
	FlaGe retardant execution (UL94V-0).
Leads:	Tinneaded insert M10 or M12 fillde with resin

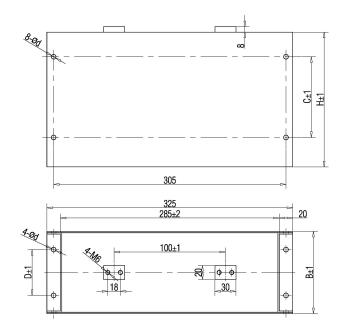
# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Working teGperature :	- 40 to + 85 ℃
Capacitance :	400~6000µF
Rated Voltage :	800 ~3600VDC
Tolerance :	± 5%, ± 10%
Dissipation factor:	Geasured at 1000±20 Hz AND $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C.
	When Cr≤1.0µF, 4×10 <sup>-4</sup> ;
	When Cr>1.0µF, 6×10-4
Life expectancy:	30,000 hours at Un and 70 $^{ m c}$
	(Hotspor temperature)



#### **TEST GETHODS AND PERFORGANCES**

Dielectric strength:	1.5Un (DC) applied for 10s at $25\pm5^\circ C$
	(1 minute for type test)
Insulation resistance :	3000s but need not exceed $30G\Omega$
	(typical value), after 1 minute of
	electrification at 100Vdc (25±5℃)



Case	В	Н	С	D	d
A1	120	160	80	80	7
A2	120	225	100	80	7
A3	120	290	120	80	7
B1	230	225	100	150	9
B2	230	290	120	150	9
B3	230	355	150	150	9

# Outline drawing

# **DAWNCAP**

## Electrical specifications, ordering codes

Ordering Code		Cap (µF)	Case code	Ls (nH)	ESR@1.0k Hz	Irms@25° C	Rth (k/w)	Weight (Kg)
Un 800VDC	Us 1200			····/			(- <i>2</i> ··· )	(3)
DHG-800-3000		3000	A1	<120	1.37	110	0.98	8
DHG-800-3000 DHG-800-4500		4500	A1 A2	<120	1.08	140	0.98	0 11
DHG-800-4500		6000	A2 A3	<120	0.93	140	0.74	14
Un 1000VDC	Us 150		AS	< 120	0.93	100	0.59	14
DHG-1000-170			A1	< 100	1 70	100	0.09	0
DHG-1000-170 DHG-1000-260		1700 2600	A1 A2	<120 <120	1.70	100 130	0.98	8 11
DHG-1000-200 DHG-1000-350		3500	A2 A3	<120	1.20	150	0.74	14
Un 1200VDC	Us 180		AJ	< 120	1.00	150	0.59	14
		1200	A1	<120	1.92	90	0.98	8
DHG-1200-120 DHG-1200-180		1200	A1 A2	<120	1.92	90 120	0.98	0 11
Un 1600VDC	Us 240		riz .	~ 120	1.44	120	0.74	11
DHG-1600-680		680	A1	<120	2.37	80	0.98	8
DHG-1600-080		1000	A1 A2	<120	1.77	110	0.98	0 11
DHG-1600-100		1350	A2 A3	<120	1.44	130	0.59	14
Un 1800VDC	Us 270		A0	< 120	1.77	100	0.00	17
DHG-1800-550		550	A1	<120	2.56	80	0.98	8
DHG-1800-800		800	A2	<120	1.92	100	0.74	11
DHG-1800-110		1100	A3	<120	1.53	130	0.59	14
Un 2000VDC	Us 300							
DHG-2000-130	0-B1	1300	B1	<120	2.57	100	0.54	21
DHG-2000-170	0-B2	1700	B2	<120	2.20	120	0.44	27
DHG-2000-220	0-B3	2200	B3	<120	1.93	140	0.37	32
Un 2400VDC	Us 360	00V						
DHG-2400-900	-B1	900	B1	<120	2.89	100	0.54	21
DHG-2400-120	0-B2	1200	B2	<120	2.42	120	0.44	27
DHG-2400-150	0-B3	1500	B3	<120	2.13	140	0.37	32
Un 2800VDC	Us 420	00V						
DHG-2800-660	-B1	660	B1	<120	3.21	90	0.54	21
DHG-2800-880	-B2	880	B2	<120	2.66	110	0.44	27
DHG-2800-110	0-B3	1100	B3	<120	2.32	130	0.37	32
Un 3200VDC	Us 480	00V						
DHG-3200-500	-B1	500	B1	<120	3.55	90	0.54	21
DHG-3200-680	-B2	680	B2	<120	2.87	110	0.44	27
DHG-3200-850	-B3	850	В3	<120	2.50	130	0.37	32
Un 3600VDC	Us 540	00V						
DHG-3600-400	-B1	400	B1	<120	3.83	90	0.54	21
DHG-3600-540	-B2	540	B2	<120	3.10	100	0.44	27
DHG-3600-680	-B3	680	B3	<120	2.67	120	0.37	32

# How to Order:

DHG 3600 - K- 1100 B3

